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Question

Analysis**Russ Subversion Cost Put
At 10% Of Arms Budget**BY MARK S. WATSON
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Washington, Oct. 5.—The Central Intelligence Agency, which rarely makes public any of its estimates of foreign nations' military or espionage activities, believes that Russian expenditures on its subversive program "may approach ten per cent" of Russia's whole armament program expenditures.

Specifically it is suspected that Russian surplus arms may be tendered shortly to Latin American nations.

The size of Russia's secret enterprises, as Allen W. Dulles, CIA director, measures them, can best be appreciated on the comparative basis which he uses. Ten per cent of America's budget would amount to \$3,400,000,000 a year. While CIA expenditures are secret, it is safe to say that their total is remote from such a figure.

Principal Co-Operators

Mr. Dulles's remarks were made before the International Association of Chiefs of Police this week. That they went considerably beyond the CIA director's usual restraint is presumably due to the fact that members of this particular audience are

potentially among the CIA's principal co-operators in the detection and suppression of enemy subversion in the United States and allied nations.

Thus, Dulles took occasion to issue a warning much like that issued a few days ago by Admiral Arthur Radford, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Radford discouraged post-Geneva optimism about Russian intentions by the blunt denial that he had observed "any fundamental change in basic, long-term Communist objectives."

"No Hard Evidence"

Dulles's phrasing is: "There is no hard evidence as yet, which we as intelligence or law-enforcing officers can accept, that the dangers we face from the secret underground subversive activities of communism have ceased." And this gave point to his listing of certain concrete perils to which he called the police chiefs' attention.

"The importance of police and other internal security forces in this work has become more and more evident in many parts of the world," said Dulles. "Our con-

ventional military forces are normally designed to cope with open, external aggression.

"Where countries are subject to Communist subversive tactics, the internal security forces must generally be the first line of defense. . . . This does not call for tanks and jet aircraft; it calls for a trained and loyal police."

Police Badly Led

In Czechoslovakia in 1948, for example, where the police force had been infiltrated and badly led, the old democratic government was paralyzed before it had time to order its own armed forces into action.

Peril to other small or weak nations Dulles finds increased by Russia's possession of immense stores of World War II arms, now obsolescent by major-war standards and already replaced by newer weapons, but readily available for distribution to Red subversive agents already organized in lesser nations.

This applies particularly to

tanks and airplanes, the 1945 models of which Russia has almost entirely replaced. It is believed there are 4,000-6,000 old surplus MIG-15 airplanes. Large quantities of still useful equipment were sent to Red China, North Korea, and Indo-China, with unpleasantly familiar results.

"Advance Negotiations"

"There remains ample for other parts of the world," says Dulles, "and we now hear of advanced negotiations with several countries of the Middle East. I should not be at all surprised if we soon heard that countries in this hemisphere were being approached."

Last year provided its own evidence of that reality, when the Czechoslovak Reds shipped to Guatemala a freighter load of obsolescent but still deadly weapons as a part of the Reds' quickly thwarted plan for upsetting the Guatemalan Government. Within the past week Czechoslovakia again has tendered weapons to Egypt, causing uneasiness over Middle East prospects.

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